

Split-Lot Designs: Experiments for Multistage Batch Processes

Final report — Design and Analysis of
Multi-stratum Randomized Experiments
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Date: 2007. 6. 20

Outline

- Introduction
 - two different designs
- Constructing 16-wafer experiments
- Symmetric split-lot designs for 64-wafer experiments
- Discussions

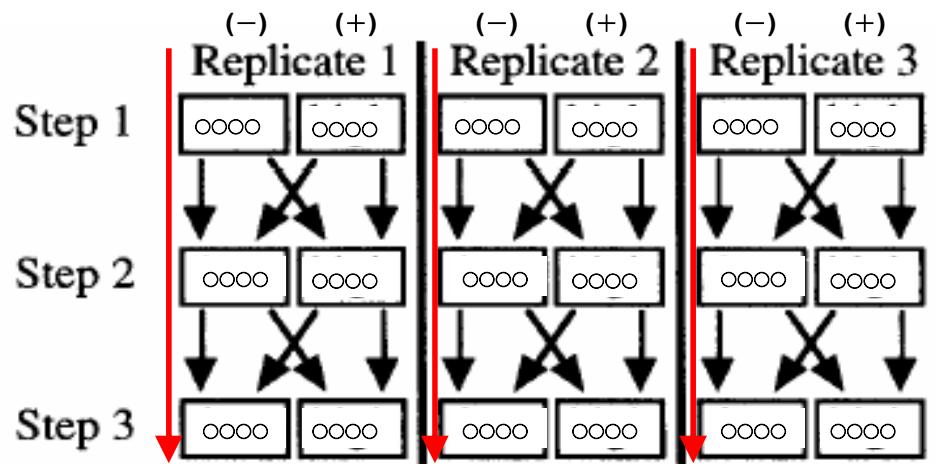
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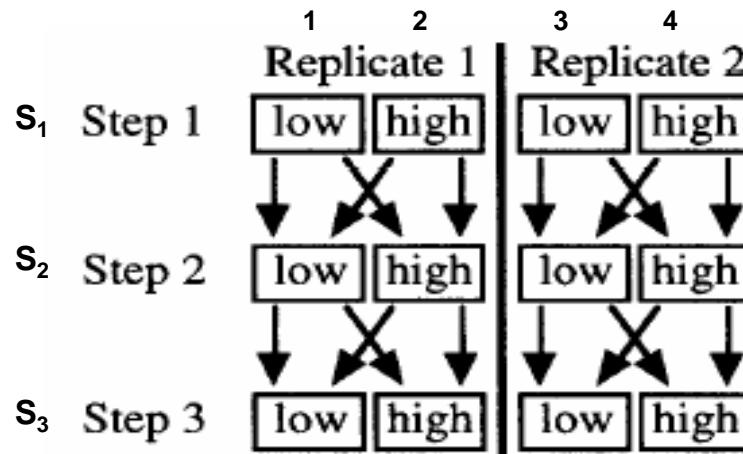
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Common Split-lot Design: 3 separate replicates of a full 2^3 factorial



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16-wafer split-lot design:



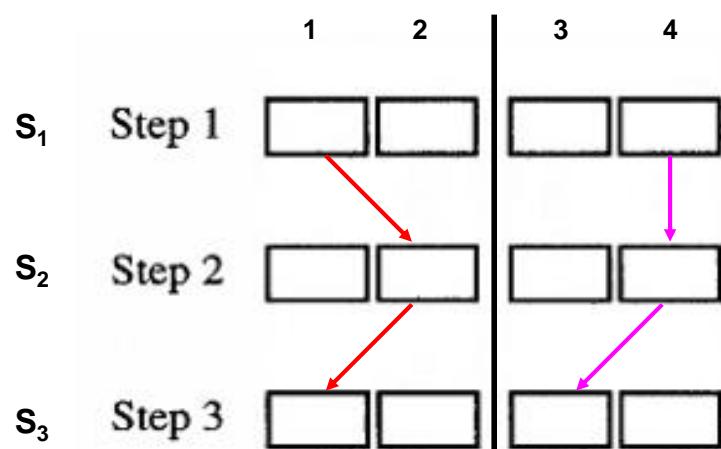
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3 factors, 16-wafer design I

Two separate replicates				
		s_1		
s_2		1	2	3
1		1, 2	1, 2	
2		1, 2	1, 2	
3			3, 4	3, 4
4			3, 4	3, 4

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(cont.)



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A reasonable model

$$Y_S = \mu + \sum_{i=1}^T (a_{S_i(i)} + \alpha_{S_i(i)}) + \sum_{i < j} a_{S_i S_j(ij)} + \varepsilon_S,$$

where $a_{S_i(i)}$ is the effect of the i th stage factor for the S_i th subplot,
 $\alpha_{S_i(i)}$ is the error term associated with the S_i th subplot,
 $a_{S_i S_j(ij)}$ is the interaction effect between the i th stage factor
and the j th stage factor,
& $\alpha_{S_i(i)} \sim N(0, \sigma_i^2)$, $\varepsilon_S \sim N(0, \sigma^2)$.

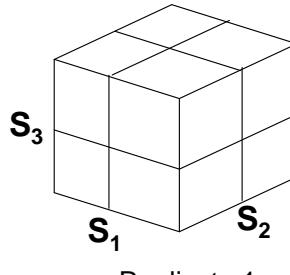
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Treatment and plot structure

Treatment structure

$$X_1 \times X_2 \times X_3$$

2 2 2

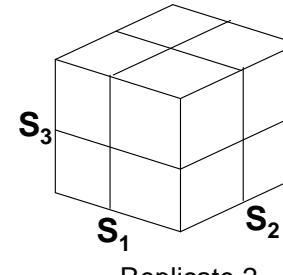


Replicate 1

Plot structure

$$U / (Y \times Z \times W)$$

2 2 2 2



Replicate 2

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Treatment strata and dimensions

Treatment structure		
df	effect	strata
1		V_0
7	X_1 X_2 X_1X_2 X_3 X_1X_3 X_2X_3 $X_1X_2X_3$	W_T
8		V_T^\perp

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Plot strata and dimensions

Plot structure		
strata	effect	df
S_0		1
S_1	U	1
S_2	Y,UY	2
S_3	Z,UZ	2
S_4	W,UW	2
S_5	YZ,UYZ	2
S_6	YW,UYW	2
S_7	ZW,UZW	2
S_8	$YZW,UYZW$	2

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Plot structure		
strata	effect	df
S_0		1
S_1	U	1
S_2	Y,UY	2
S_3	Z,UZ	2
S_4	W,UW	2
S_5	YZ,UYZ YW,UYW ZW,UZW $YZW,UYZW$	8

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Experimental unit & restrictions

- observational unit & experimental unit

$$U / (Y \times Z \times W)$$

$$EU_{X_1} EU_{X_2} EU_{X_3}$$

- restrictions on allocations of treatments to plots

X_1 can be confounded with plot effects involving U, Y, UY

X_2 U, Z, UZ

X_3 U, W, UW

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Design and design key

- Design:

2 separate replicates of a full 2^3 factorial

- Design key:

$$X_1 = Y, X_2 = Z, X_3 = W$$

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Restrictions on randomization

- no pair of wafers is processed together more than once in a subplot for the experimental factors
- all three processing steps are performed on the first eight wafers before any processing is done on the second eight wafers

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$$\begin{cases} X_1 = Y \\ X_2 = Z \\ X_3 = W \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} X_1 X_2 = YZ \\ X_1 X_3 = YW \\ X_2 X_3 = ZW \\ X_1 X_2 X_3 = YZW \end{cases}$$

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ANOVA table

Source	df	EMS
Block	1	ξ_{block}
X_1	1	$\xi_1 + \ \tau_{X_1}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_1
X_2	1	$\xi_2 + \ \tau_{X_2}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_2
X_3	1	$\xi_3 + \ \tau_{X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_3
X_1X_2	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2}\ ^2$
X_2X_3	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_2X_3}\ ^2$
X_1X_3	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_3}\ ^2$
$X_1X_2X_3$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	4	ξ_4

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Concluding remark I

γ separate replicates of a full 2^3 factorial:

- The γ estimates for the main effect X_i provides $\gamma - 1$ df for estimating the subplot variation
- According to the reasonable model, it provides $4(\gamma - 1)$ df for estimating σ^2

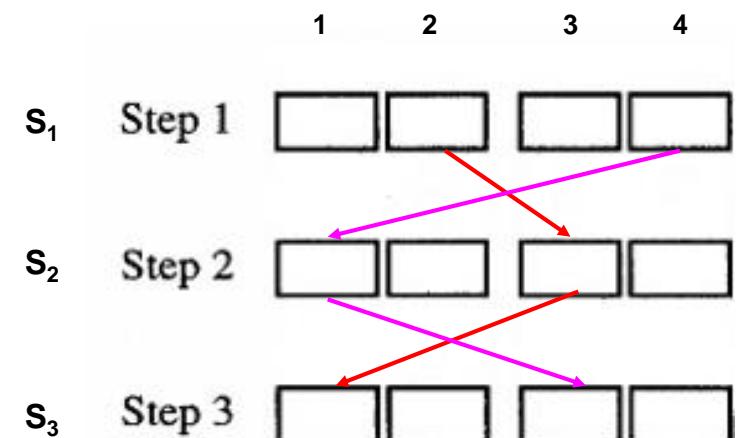
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3 factors, 16-wafer design II

Alternative design				
		S_1		
		1	2	3
S_2	1	2	3	4
1	1	4	2	3
2	3	2	4	1
3	4	1	3	2
4	2	3	1	4

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(cont.)



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Design and design key

■ Design:

The authors called “Alternative design”
 Taguchi (1989) referred as “Multiway split-unit design”

■ Design key:

$$X_1 = U_1, X_2 = Y_1, X_3 = Z_1$$

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Restrictions on randomization

- no pair of wafers appears together in more than one subplot

How treatment and plot effects are confounded

$$\begin{cases} X_1 = U_1 \\ X_2 = Y_1 \\ X_3 = Z_1 \end{cases} \quad \begin{cases} X_1 X_2 = U_1 Y_1 \\ X_1 X_3 = U_1 Z_1 \\ X_2 X_3 = Y_1 Z_1 \\ X_1 X_2 X_3 = U_1 Y_1 Z_1 \end{cases}$$

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ANOVA table

Source	df	EMS
X_1	1	$\xi_1 + \ \tau_{X_1}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_1
X_2	1	$\xi_2 + \ \tau_{X_2}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_2
X_3	1	$\xi_3 + \ \tau_{X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_3
$X_1 X_2$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1 X_2}\ ^2$
$X_2 X_3$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_2 X_3}\ ^2$
$X_1 X_3$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1 X_3}\ ^2$
$X_1 X_2 X_3$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1 X_2 X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_4

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Concluding remark II

Alternative design of a full 2^3 factorial:

- The estimates for the main effect X_i provides 2 df for estimating the subplot variation
- According to the reasonable model, it provides 2 df for estimating σ^2

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Comparisons

Design I

Source	df	EMS
Block	1	ξ_{Block}
X_1	1	$\xi_1 + \ \tau_{X_1}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_1
X_2	1	$\xi_2 + \ \tau_{X_2}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_2
X_3	1	$\xi_3 + \ \tau_{X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_3
X_1X_2	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2}\ ^2$
X_2X_3	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_2X_3}\ ^2$
X_1X_3	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_3}\ ^2$
$X_1X_2X_3$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	4	ξ_4

Design II

Source	df	EMS
X_1	1	$\xi_1 + \ \tau_{X_1}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_1
X_2	1	$\xi_2 + \ \tau_{X_2}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_2
X_3	1	$\xi_3 + \ \tau_{X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_3
X_1X_2	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2}\ ^2$
X_2X_3	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_2X_3}\ ^2$
X_1X_3	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_3}\ ^2$
$X_1X_2X_3$	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	2	ξ_4

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A plan of Design II

Table 1. The Alternative Replicated 2^3 Design Written With Wafer Codes

Wafer 1: 111	Wafer 2: 214	Wafer 3: 312	Wafer 4: 413
Wafer 5: 123	Wafer 6: 222	Wafer 7: 324	Wafer 8: 421
Wafer 9: 134	Wafer 10: 231	Wafer 11: 333	Wafer 12: 432
Wafer 13: 142	Wafer 14: 243	Wafer 15: 341	Wafer 16: 444

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2-level designs of size 16: Orthogonal array given in Yates order

Table 4. Sixteen-Run Orthogonal Array With Contrasts in Standard Order

Wafer	C_1	C_2	C_3	C_4	C_5	C_6	C_7	C_8	C_9	C_{10}	C_{11}	C_{12}	C_{13}	C_{14}	C_{15}
1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1
2	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1
3	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1
4	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	1
5	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1
6	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1
7	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1
8	1	1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
9	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1
10	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	1	1
11	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	-1	1	-1	1	1
12	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	1	1	1	1	-1	-1	-1	-1	-1
13	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1
14	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1	1	1	-1	-1
15	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1	1	-1
16	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1

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Procedures

- First, choose two independent contrasts and the third is the product of these two.
- Choose C_1 and C_2

<u>Wafers</u>	<u>C_1</u>	<u>C_2</u>	<u>$S_1 = 2.5 + .5C_1 + C_2$</u>
1, 5, 9, 13	-1	-1	1
2, 6, 10, 14	1	-1	2
3, 7, 11, 15	-1	1	3
4, 8, 12, 16	1	1	4

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(cont.)

- $X_1 = C_1$; C_2 and $C_3 = C_1 C_2$ are affected by step 1 subplot variation.
- $X_2 = C_4$; C_8 and $C_{12} = C_4 C_8$ are affected by step 2 subplot variation.
- $X_3 = C_{11}$; C_6 and $C_{13} = C_{11} C_6$ are affected by step 3 subplot variation.
- $X_1 X_2 = C_1$, $X_1 X_3 = C_{10}$, $X_2 X_3 = C_{15}$, $X_1 X_2 X_3 = C_{14}$.
- Remaining C_7 and C_9 are used to est. σ^2 .

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How to generate disjoint groups ?

Table 5. Five Disjoint Groups of Three Contrasts for a 2^4

Group	Two independent contrasts	Generalized interaction
1	X_1	X_2X_3
2	X_2	X_3X_4
3	X_3	X_1X_4
4	X_4	X_1X_2
5	X_1X_3	X_2X_4

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Correspond to previous example

(C_1, C_2, C_3)

(C_4, C_8, C_{12})

(C_{11}, C_6, C_{13})

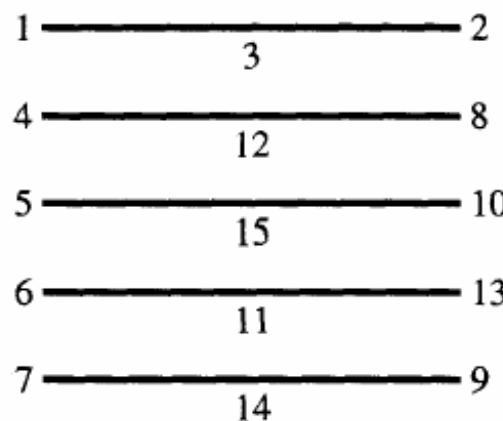
(C_5, C_{10}, C_{15})

(C_7, C_9, C_{14})

→ We can experiment in as many as 5 different steps

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Linear graph (Taguchi, 1987)



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Four factors in four steps

Source	df	EMS
X_1	1	$\xi_1 + \ \tau_{X_1}\ ^2$
X_2X_3	1	$\xi_1 + \ \tau_{X_2X_3}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_1
X_2	1	$\xi_2 + \ \tau_{X_2}\ ^2$
X_3X_4	1	$\xi_2 + \ \tau_{X_3X_4}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_2
X_3	1	$\xi_3 + \ \tau_{X_3}\ ^2$
X_1X_4	1	$\xi_3 + \ \tau_{X_1X_4}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_3
X_4	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_4}\ ^2$
X_1X_2	1	$\xi_4 + \ \tau_{X_1X_2}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_4
X_1X_3	1	$\xi_5 + \ \tau_{X_1X_3}\ ^2$
X_2X_4	1	$\xi_5 + \ \tau_{X_2X_4}\ ^2$
Residual	1	ξ_5

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More factors in 4 steps

Table 6. Aliasing Structure for 2^{8-4} Design (using Table 5 grouping)

Design generators	Effects with the same standard error as X_3
$X_5 = X_1X_2X_3$ $X_6 = X_2X_3X_4$	X_7
$X_7 = X_1X_3X_4$ $X_8 = X_1X_2X_4$	$X_3X_7 = X_1X_4 = X_2X_8 = X_5X_6$
Effects with the same standard error as X_1	Effects with the same standard error as X_4
X_5 $X_1X_5 = X_2X_3 = X_4X_6 = X_7X_8$	X_8 $X_1X_2 = X_3X_5 = X_4X_6 = X_6X_7$
Effects with the same standard error as X_2	Effects orthogonal to sublots
X_6 $X_2X_6 = X_3X_4 = X_1X_7 = X_5X_8$	$X_1X_3 = X_2X_5 = X_4X_7 = X_6X_8$ $X_1X_6 = X_2X_7 = X_3X_8 = X_4X_5$ $X_1X_8 = X_2X_4 = X_3X_6 = X_5X_7$

- If we would like to accommodate two factors in one or more steps
- $2^{5-1}, 2^{6-2}, 2^{7-3}, 2^{8-4}$ fractional factorial designs

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Five factors in five steps

- 2^{5-1} fractional factorial design

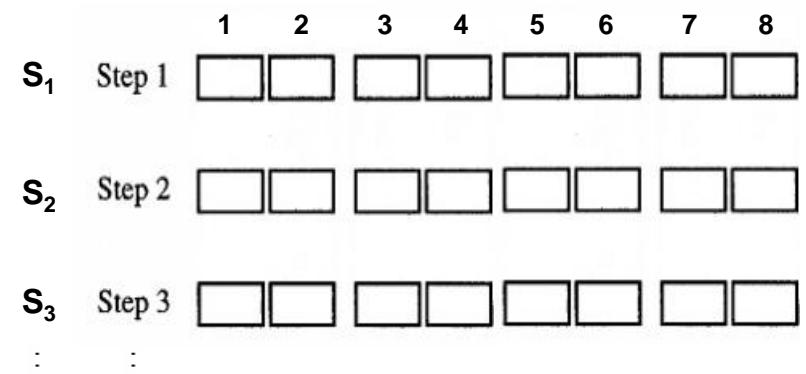
$$X_5 = X_1X_2X_3X_4$$

Table 5. Five Disjoint Groups of Three Contrasts for a 2^4

Group	Two independent contrasts	Generalized interaction
1	X_1	X_2X_3
2	X_2	X_3X_4
3	X_3	X_1X_4
4	X_4	X_1X_2
5	X_1X_3	X_2X_4

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64-wafer split-lot design:



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Two 9-disjoint groups

Table 7. Nine Disjoint Groups of Seven Contrasts for a $2^6 = 64$ -Walter Experiment

Group	Three independent contrasts			Four generalized interactions		
	Solution A			Solution B		
1	X_1	$X_5 X_6$	$X_2 X_3 X_6$	$X_1 X_5 X_6$	$X_2 X_3 X_6$	$X_1 X_5 X_6 X_6$
2	X_2	$X_1 X_6$	$X_3 X_4 X_6$	$X_1 X_2 X_6$	$X_1 X_3 X_4$	$X_1 X_2 X_6 X_6$
3	X_3	$X_1 X_2$	$X_1 X_4 X_6$	$X_2 X_4 X_6$	$X_1 X_3 X_4 X_6$	$X_2 X_3 X_6 X_6$
4	X_4	$X_2 X_3$	$X_2 X_5 X_6$	$X_2 X_3 X_4$	$X_3 X_5 X_6$	$X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6$
5	X_5	$X_3 X_4$	$X_1 X_3 X_6$	$X_3 X_4 X_5$	$X_1 X_4 X_6$	$X_1 X_3 X_6 X_6$
6	X_6	$X_4 X_5$	$X_1 X_2 X_4$	$X_4 X_6 X_6$	$X_1 X_2 X_5$	$X_1 X_2 X_6 X_6$
7	$X_2 X_4$	$X_2 X_6$	$X_1 X_3 X_6$	$X_4 X_6$	$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_6$	$X_1 X_3 X_5 X_6$
8	$X_1 X_3$	$X_2 X_5$	$X_2 X_4 X_6$	$X_1 X_5$	$X_2 X_3 X_4 X_6$	$X_1 X_2 X_5 X_6$
9	$X_1 X_4$	$X_2 X_5$	$X_3 X_6$	$X_1 X_2 X_4 X_5$	$X_2 X_3 X_6 X_6$	$X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_5 X_6$

JMP software (1997)

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Solution B: S_i decision

$$\begin{aligned}
 S_1 &= 4.5 + .5X_1 + X_2 X_4 + 2X_3 X_6 \\
 S_2 &= 4.5 + .5X_2 + X_1 X_6 + 2X_3 X_5 \\
 S_3 &= 4.5 + .5X_3 + X_2 X_6 + 2X_4 X_5 \\
 S_4 &= 4.5 + .5X_4 + X_1 X_3 + 2X_2 X_5 \\
 S_5 &= 4.5 + .5X_5 + X_1 X_2 + 2X_4 X_6 \\
 S_6 &= 4.5 + .5X_6 + X_1 X_5 + 2X_3 X_4 \\
 S_7 &= 4.5 + .5X_7 + X_1 X_4 + 2X_2 X_3 \\
 S_8 &= 4.5 + .5X_8 + X_1 X_3 X_5 + 2X_2 X_5 X_6 \\
 S_9 &= 4.5 + .5X_9 + X_1 X_2 X_3 + 2X_1 X_4 X_5.
 \end{aligned}$$

9 factors in 9 steps (2^{9-3} design)

Table 9. Aliasing Structure for JMP's 2^{9-3} Design (with Solution B contrast grouping from Table 7)

Defining relation: $I = X_1 X_2 X_3 X_6$		Effects with the same standard error as X_5	
$= X_2 X_3 X_6 X_9$		$X_1 X_2 = X_7 X_9 = X_6 X_8 X_9$	
$= X_1 X_2 X_5 X_9$		$X_3 X_7 = X_4 X_9$	
$= X_2 X_4 X_6 X_9$		$X_5 X_8 = X_3 X_9$	
$= X_6 X_7 X_8 X_9$		$X_4 X_5 = X_2 X_9$	
$= X_1 X_2 X_3 X_6 X_9$		$X_6 X_9 = X_1 X_2 X_5 = X_5 X_7 X_8$	
$= X_1 X_2 X_3 X_6 X_7$		$X_3 X_8 X_7 = X_4 X_5 X_9$	
Effects with the same standard error as $X_1 = X_2 X_7 X_6$		Effects with the same standard error as X_6	
$X_6 X_9$		$X_1 X_5 = X_2 X_9 X_6$	
$X_2 X_9 = X_4 X_5 X_6$		$X_1 X_6 = X_2 X_7 X_6$	
$X_3 X_7 = X_6 X_9$		$X_2 X_9 = X_1 X_5 X_6$	
$X_1 X_2 X_4 = X_3 X_8 X_9 = X_4 X_7 X_6$		$X_3 X_8 = X_5 X_6 X_9 = X_6 X_7 X_9$	
$X_1 X_3 X_5 = X_2 X_6 X_9$		$X_4 X_6 = X_3 X_9 = X_6 X_7 X_9$	
$X_1 X_5 X_7 = X_2 X_9 X_6$		$X_5 X_9 = X_1 X_6 X_7 = X_2 X_4 X_9$	
Effects with the same standard error as $X_2 = X_1 X_7 X_6$		Effects with the same standard error as $X_7 = X_1 X_2 X_8 = X_3 X_4 X_9$	
$X_1 X_6 = X_2 X_5 X_9$		$X_1 X_4 = X_2 X_3 X_9$	
$X_3 X_8 = X_2 X_6 X_9$		$X_2 X_5 = X_1 X_7 X_6 = X_3 X_4 X_9$	
$X_5 X_9 = X_4 X_7 X_9$		$X_6 X_6 = X_5 X_6 X_7 = X_7 X_8 X_9$	
$X_6 X_9 = X_1 X_5 X_6 = X_6 X_7 X_8$		$X_7 X_8 = X_2 X_3 X_7 = X_2 X_4 X_9$	
$X_1 X_4 X_6 = X_2 X_5 X_9 = X_2 X_6 X_7$		$X_1 X_3 X_9 = X_1 X_4 X_7 = X_2 X_4 X_9$	
$X_2 X_5 X_6$			
Effects with the same standard error as $X_3 = X_4 X_7 X_9$		Effects with the same standard error as $X_8 = X_1 X_2 X_7$	
$X_1 X_7 = X_2 X_6 X_9$		$X_1 X_9 = X_2 X_5 X_6$	
$X_2 X_6 = X_1 X_5 X_9$		$X_1 X_5 = X_2 X_9$	
$X_4 X_8 = X_2 X_6 X_9$		$X_1 X_6 = X_2 X_7 X_9$	
$X_6 X_9 = X_3 X_5 X_6 = X_5 X_7 X_9$		$X_2 X_5 X_6 = X_2 X_3 X_7 = X_2 X_4 X_9$	
$X_1 X_3 X_7 = X_1 X_4 X_6 = X_2 X_3 X_8$		$X_3 X_8 = X_4 X_6 X_9$	
$X_2 X_5 X_6$			
Effects with the same standard error as $X_4 = X_3 X_7 X_9$		Effects with the same standard error as $X_9 = X_3 X_4 X_7$	
$X_1 X_3$		$X_1 X_9 = X_2 X_5 X_6$	
$X_2 X_5 = X_1 X_6 X_9$		$X_1 X_2 X_3 = X_2 X_6 X_9$	
$X_6 X_7 = X_1 X_5 X_9$		$X_1 X_3 X_5 = X_2 X_6 X_9$	
$X_1 X_2 X_4 = X_1 X_7 X_9 = X_2 X_6 X_9$		$X_1 X_6 X_7 = X_2 X_3 X_7$	
$X_2 X_4 X_6$		$X_1 X_6 X_7 = X_2 X_6 X_9$	
$X_3 X_6 X_9 = X_4 X_6 X_7$			

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Table 10. Symmetric Split-Lot Design Based on Table 9

Walter	S_1	S_2	S_3	S_4	S_5	S_6	S_7	S_8	S_9
1	1	2	1	5	4	8	2	5	3
2	3	1	2	3	7	2	3	8	7
3	1	3	4	6	3	5	2	4	8
4	3	4	1	6	5	3	7	1	5
5	1	5	1	8	2	4	6	6	4
6	1	6	7	3	1	8	4	1	5
7	1	7	8	2	4	5	1	5	3
8	1	8	2	5	6	1	7	2	6
9	2	1	4	8	1	5	3	2	1
10	2	2	6	3	7	1	5	5	6
11	2	3	5	2	6	4	8	1	7
12	2	4	3	5	4	8	2	6	5
13	2	5	4	8	2	7	3	7	6
14	2	6	2	7	8	3	6	4	5
15	2	7	1	5	6	2	7	8	4
16	2	8	7	1	3	6	1	3	5
17	3	1	1	3	8	4	6	8	6
18	3	2	7	8	6	2	5	3	5
19	3	3	8	5	7	3	5	3	4
20	3	4	2	2	1	7	5	8	5
21	3	5	5	7	3	8	7	3	1
22	3	6	3	4	5	4	1	2	6
23	3	7	4	1	8	1	4	6	2
24	3	8	6	2	5	6	7	1	2
25	4	1	8	7	5	1	2	1	5
26	4	2	3	4	5	8	6	0	4
27	4	3	1	2	1	6	5	3	6
28	4	4	7	1	6	4	3	2	5
29	4	5	4	3	3	6	3	1	6
30	4	6	6	8	4	7	3	3	2
31	4	7	5	5	1	6	7	2	8
32	4	8	3	7	2	4	4	1	1
33	5	1	2	6	7	8	1	7	2
34	5	2	8	1	4	7	2	4	3
35	5	3	7	4	2	1	6	8	1
36	5	4	6	1	7	6	2	5	6
37	5	5	6	2	8	6	2	4	4
38	5	6	4	5	2	2	8	5	5
39	5	7	2	4	8	3	5	6	0
40	5	8	5	3	7	3	1	3	3
41	6	1	7	2	2	3	7	6	8
42	6	2	1	5	8	7	1	1	5
43	6	3	3	2	8	5	4	5	2
44	6	4	4	8	3	5	2	6	7
45	6	5	3	6	1	8	3	3	4
46	6	6	5	5	1	7	5	8	6
47	6	7	6	4	4	6	3	4	4
48	6	8	4	7	4	5	7	2	5
49	7	1	2	5	3	6	4	8	3
50	7	2	4	5	2	5	8	6	6
51	7	3	3	5	3	8	5	7	5
52	7	4	4	6	8	2	1	4	4
53	7	5	5	2	1	4	2	3	1
54	7	6	6	8	7	6	5	6	1
55	7	7	7	9	7	7	8	2	2
56	7	8	1	4	1	3	2	5	7
57	8	2	3	6	7	6	5	4	4
58	8	3	5	7	1	2	4	2	5
59	8	4	4	8	1	6	3	6	6
60	8	5	5	4	4	5	7	7	7
61	8	6	6	5	5	5	4	4	7
62	8	7	7	2	3	2	3	7	2
63	8	8	8	3	2	4	2	3	1
64	8	9	9	8	8	8	8	8	8

(cont.)

Table 8. Aliasing Structure for Minimum Aberration 2^{9-3} Design (with Solution A grouping from Table 7)

Defining relation: $I = X_5 X_6 X_7 X_8$	Effects with the same standard error as $X_5 = X_6 X_7 X_8$
$= X_2 X_3 X_4 X_9$	$X_3 X_4$
$= X_1 X_4 X_6 X_9$	$X_7 X_9 = X_1 X_4 X_6 = X_2 X_9 X_8$
$= X_1 X_4 X_5 X_9$	$X_3 X_4 X_5 = X_1 X_2 X_7$
$= X_2 X_5 X_7 X_9$	$X_1 X_3 X_6 = X_2 X_4 X_8$
$= X_1 X_2 X_3 X_7 X_8$	$X_6 X_7 X_8 = X_6 X_8 X_9$
$= X_1 X_2 X_3 X_4 X_8$	$X_1 X_2 X_3$
Effects with the same standard error as X_1	
$X_5 X_6 = X_2 X_8 = X_2 X_3 X_9$	
$X_6 X_8 = X_1 X_5 X_9 = X_1 X_2 X_7$	
$X_5 X_9 = X_2 X_3 X_8 = X_1 X_4 X_6$	
$X_4 X_5 = X_1 X_6 X_9$	
$X_4 X_6 = X_1 X_7 X_9$	
$X_1 X_5 X_6 = X_1 X_7 X_8$	
Effects with the same standard error as X_2	
$X_1 X_6 = X_4 X_7 X_9$	Effects with the same standard error as $X_7 = X_5 X_6 X_8$
$X_1 X_8 = X_1 X_2 X_6$	$X_2 X_5 = X_1 X_8 X_9$
$X_2 X_6 = X_1 X_7$	$X_3 X_6 = X_2 X_7 X_9$
$X_1 X_2 X_6 = X_1 X_4 X_9$	$X_4 X_5 X_6 = X_4 X_7 X_8$
$X_1 X_3 X_6 = X_1 X_9 X_8$	$X_1 X_2 X_4 = X_3 X_5 X_7 = X_3 X_6 X_8$
$X_1 X_5 X_6 = X_2 X_3 X_7 = X_2 X_6 X_8$	$X_1 X_2 X_5 = X_3 X_4 X_7$
Effects with the same standard error as X_3	$X_2 X_6 X_7 = X_2 X_5 X_8$
$X_1 X_2 = X_4 X_6 X_9$	
$X_2 X_6 = X_1 X_5 X_9$	
$X_1 X_9 = X_1 X_2 X_7 = X_2 X_3 X_7$	
$X_1 X_2 X_9 = X_1 X_5 X_7 = X_1 X_6 X_8$	
$X_2 X_3 X_9 = X_1 X_7 X_7$	
Effects with the same standard error as X_4	
$X_2 X_5 = X_2 X_6 X_9 = X_1 X_8 X_9$	Effects with the same standard error as X_9
$X_2 X_9 = X_3 X_5 X_8 = X_3 X_7 X_8$	$X_5 X_7 = X_5 X_8 X_9 = X_1 X_4 X_9$
$X_3 X_9 = X_2 X_5 X_8 = X_2 X_7 X_8$	$X_1 X_4 = X_6 X_7 X_8 = X_6 X_8 X_9$
$X_2 X_3 X_4 = X_1 X_6 X_7 = X_1 X_6 X_8$	$X_2 X_5 = X_3 X_6 X_9$
$X_3 X_4 X_9$	$X_3 X_6 = X_2 X_5 X_9$
$X_2 X_4 X_9$	$X_1 X_7 = X_6 X_8 X_9$
	$X_2 X_6 = X_3 X_7 X_9$

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Extensions (64 wafers)

- 9 factors in 9 steps (2^{9-3} design)
- 8 factors in 8 steps (2^{8-2} design)
- 7 factors in 7 steps (2^{7-1} design)
- 6 factors in 6 steps (2^6 design)
- Other possibilities

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Outline

- Introduction
 - two different designs
- Constructing 16-wafer experiments
- Symmetric split-lot designs for 64-wafer experiments
- Discussions

Other important split-plot design

- Split-plot design for 3-level factors
 - 3^4 of 3^{k-p} factorials in 81-wafers
- Split-plot designs of size 27
- Split-plot designs of size 32

Future research

- three or four experimental stages, with many factors per stage [the case of two stages was addressed by Miller (1997)]
- asymmetric split-lot designs—that is, those in which the subplot size differs from one experimental step to the next

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(cont.)

- mixed-level factorials and designs for fitting second order models
- designs that can check for lack of fit of our assumed model—for example, that could detect existence of additional variance components associated with wafers having two sublots in common

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Thank you all

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