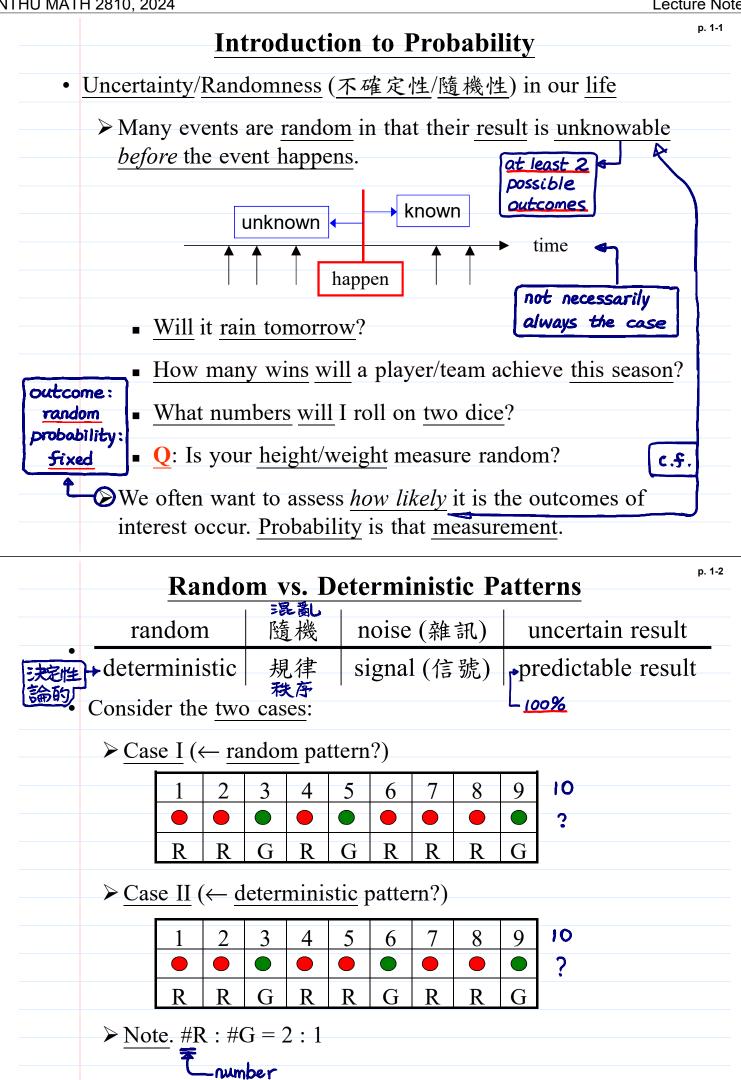
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(Possible) modeling: the color in the nth trial.

$$\geq \underline{\text{Case I. } X_1, X_2, \dots, X_n, \dots \text{ are independent, for } i=1, 2, \dots,$$

$$X_i = \begin{cases} R, \text{ with prob. } 1/3. \\ G, \text{ with prob. } 1/3. \\ \hline radom variable (fubus lacture) \\ \geq \underline{\text{Case II. For } i=3, 4, \dots,} \\ \hline \underline{X_i} = \begin{cases} R, \text{ if } (X_{i-2}, X_{i-1}) \in \{(R, G), (G, R)\}, \\ \underline{G}, \text{ if } (X_{i-2}, X_{i-1}) = (R, R). \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ or } i=1, 2, \dots, \end{cases}$$

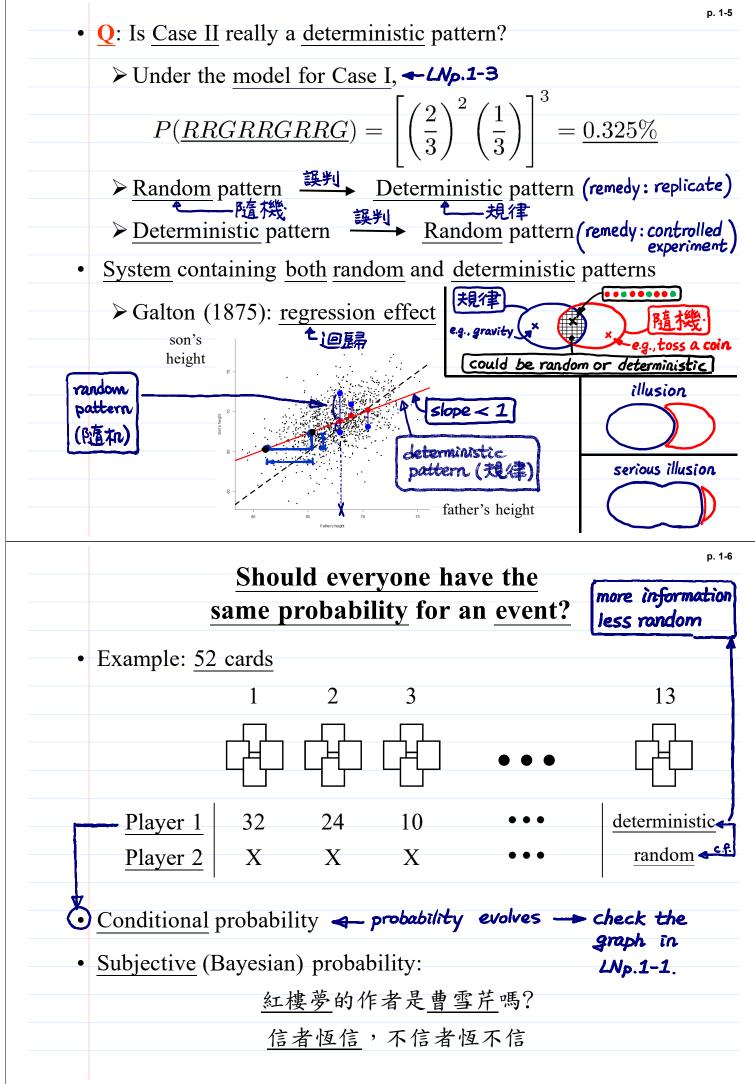
$$= \underbrace{X_i} = \begin{cases} R, \text{ with prob. } 1/3. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with } (X_{i-2}, X_{i-1}) \in \{(R, G), (G, R)\}, \\ \underline{C}, \text{ or } i=1, 2, \dots, \end{cases}$$

$$= \underbrace{X_i} = \begin{cases} R, \text{ with } (X_{i-2}, X_{i-1}) \in \{(R, G), (G, R)\}, \\ \underline{C}, \text{ with } (X_{i-2}, X_{i-1}) = (R, R). \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with } (X_{i-2}, X_{i-1}) = (R, R). \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with prob. } 1-p. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with prob. } 1-p. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with prob. } 1-q. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with grade dat} \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with prob. } 1-q. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with grade dat} \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with prob. } 1-q. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with grade dat} \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with prob. } 1-q. \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with grade dat} \\ \hline \underline{C}, \text{ with grad$$

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